# Interview with Mitch Baruchowitz @ Merida Capital Partners

# Introductions

- Who are you?
  - Hi, I'm Mitch Baruchowitz, Managing Partner of Merida Capital Partners, a cannabis-focused private equity firm. Merida was founded in September of 2016 to focus primarily on investing in highly scalable ancillary businesses that have asset-light models and are led by experienced, professional management teams.
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# • What's your Background?

- I was a lawyer
- Started out in the HFC trading. Built a 35 person company with his brother. This was the beginning of this cannabis experience
  - All publicly traded securities and ETNs
  - One of the partners was hit by a car and paralzed, moved out to Colorado and explored Cannabis to help with the pain
- Electronic trading until 2007
  - "Less formal environment"
  - Revolutionize electronic trading for bonds
  - The ability to trade quickly and provided the validation services.
  - The data around bond trading was opaque. We were deconstructing this process and showing a much more disclosed bond market
- "As I got into the Family Office world, I saw cannabis as the biggest opportunity of our lifetime"
- My background in winning some of the most restrictive cultivation licenses in the country

### • How'd you get started in private equity / venture capital?

- "I think people get people pools of capital"
  - Here at Merida, we are a PE fund, but we also invest in publicly traded securities
  - We're agnostic whether it's debt, structure notes
  - If there is alpha, we want to be there
    - The excess return you make based on the perceived risk

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- Alpha is the difference between expected return and return.
- There are VCs investing in development deals
  - We'll do a deal that is completely pre-revenue
  - It's not our preference, but you gotta go where the money is
  - "We're looking for risk adjusted returns"

# The Opportunity

- What is the cannabis industry? (The Mega Trend)
  - I would look at cannabis as having 3 different eras
    - <2013: The west coast market</p>
    - 2013-2015: this is the beginning of licensing that started in the east coast
      - The beginning of the MSOs
      - Legal markets where capital could be deployed with some legal certainty
      - MICHIGAN
        - "When I went out and did a bunch of due diligence on caregivers, it told me the market was uninvestable"
    - **2015 2017 (early maturity / infrastructure growth change)** 
      - Capital markets open up
      - Canadian markets open up
      - A lot of individualized pitches to a broader audience
      - Supply chain begins to open up
    - 2018 2020
      - This was a real heady time. Stocks were going crazy in 2018.
      - You can really see the groundwork being laid for massive growth in places like IL and MI
      - Most of the groundwork that needs to be laid for growth was put down years before.
      - OHIO Wreck initiative
        - Was the lowest scoring MJ initiative on the ballot
      - "Too much easy money led to too much SG&A"
        - Too many hungry people showed up
          - Needed to have more "real" deals
          - People started to tire of the aspiration quality of earning releases

- 2020 is the beginning of the normalization of institutional investing in cannabis
  - COVID hardened some of the softer things, like delivery and curbside.

# • What is your investment thesis?

- "We're on our third fund"
  - Our first fund was an offshoot of winning state licences.
    - In a highly regulated industry, you have to bring your cost down.
    - We thought it was going to be clear over time that supply chain was going to self evolve so quickly.
    - "Companies that have less friction across their ecosystem will have superior returns for their investors"

### • We started to develop a more holistic approach to cannabis space

- The Adoption Score (113 point system) how in the is the investment with our goal for the investment.
  - Companies that remove friction from other operators
    - $\circ$   $\;$  This is easy to find  $\;$
  - Companies that naturally lack friction
    - Much harder to find, and over the years, we've developed a very pinpoint way of finding them.
    - Fund III has been the best at articulating this strategy.
- Early on, one of the scores we gave huge credence too...
  - "How many investor meetings are you doing per week?
    - How much time are you wasting raising capital vs running their business.
  - We would look at how the operators were using their time in the business. It helped us look at early businesses and make sure we weren't missing a gem or a dog.
- EXAMPLE: GrowGen
  - Had a high adoption score
  - Dedicated consumer base
  - Almost no friction acquiring new stores

# • How did you come to this conclusion?

- Early on, we talked about supercharging great business models through sophistication and ecosystem development
  - Things you'd normally do in the real finance world
  - Brining those skills to cannabis operators where everywhere they turned there was friction
- Fragmentation Gap

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- If it's small, and all you need to do is jump across a moat, and you can operate in a normal environment, that's what we look for.
- "A lot of operators would tell us they were wasting half of their waking hours raising capital"

### • What forces are driving the Mega Trend?

- "There's never been a more frequently or bigger volume of something that is illegal on a massive scale like cannabis"
  - \$250 billion that is illegal on a global scale
  - It is inevitable that it will be largely legal in 5 years.
- If you are a newer investor to cannabis, you have no idea how hard this was 5-7 years ago
  - "The Green Closet" None of us were allowed to talk about what we did for a living.
  - This leads to stress across the entire ecosystem
  - "You couldn't even talk to people to build your network"
    - How can you raise capital when you can't talk about the thing you're doing?
- We were able to deliver great returns in fund one because we saw the liquidity events.
  - We've already returned all of the capital to investors and still hold 80% of the assets.
  - GrowGen is one of the real winners. We got in at \$6m valuation, it's now at \$800m
  - New Frontier Data is one of the tent poles of consumer data that feeds the space

#### Other People's Opinions

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• There's other people like Josh Wolf from Lux who is great

- "We've always been this highly curious but focused investment team"
  - The inefficiencies in the cannabis ecosystem are still there.
  - We understand how those work and how to solve those problems.
- When we talk to management teams...
  - We look at how they deal with change, stress, and uncertainty.

# The Problem

- What are the major problems in the industry you focus on?
  - Illegality
    - This is a feature, not a bug.
    - One of the best things in life is investing when you have almost no competition from institutional investors.
      - Retail investors just aren't gonna be able to compete with professional investors like Merida
      - The retail investor needs a vehicle
        - Detroit vs New York (cars)
        - Detroit had 70% of all accidents. Why? Cause NY drivers were largely chaefurrs and already knew how to handle it. Detroit was unsophisticated drivers.
      - You really do have to have a sense of the regulatory

#### • Information Opaqueness

- It's hard to find out everything you need to know and get due diligence
- That's why people do public investments. They feel like they have more information.
- At Merida, we treat our investors like public investors.
  - Part of the reason we do this is more transparency = more investor interest (typically)
- "We find out 90% of what we know through our networks and competitors of the investment we're looking for"
  - Have people heard of this company?
  - What is their reputation in the market?
- Supply Chain
  - Now, we're talking about capital lite models
    - You don't need to build a grower. Those have already been made.
    - The Return on Capital is so much quicker.
  - It's different from spending \$25 million to build the grow

- If you're taking larger durational risk, you have to understand what that means for returns.
  - What we excel in is finding companies that lack a lot of this friction, given the upfront spend.

# • Legitimacy of Company

- Early on, we were talking about adoption of the technology to other companies or to consumers
- We called it the "AD" Score originally.
- "Fund I was supply chain. Our question was "is someone going to adopt your solution"
- "The Fragmentation Gap"

# • What are the major problems investors face in this industry?

- "Shooting the Money Gun"
  - Economic Carpetbaggers drive up valuation
  - Capital floods in and you can un-dilute the money
  - Once you break the capital stack, you become problematic in future rounds.
- Flat rounds and down rounds
  - Nothing destroys capital faster than a downround.

# The Catalyst

• Readjustment of Valuation

- Never been a better time in terms of setting sensible valuations
- "We were penalized early on because we weren't built to pull the money gun out fast enough. We had a slower, more methodical approach to investing"
- 2018 was so frustrating because of this crazy dynamic.

# • Transition from Illicit to Legal

- We believe the transition from illegal market to illegal market is the largest and most underappreciated construct we've seen in any market
  - Look at the fundamental tentpole companies in tech (like NVDA)
  - When you look at cannabis, we've done so much work understanding what the transition entails, what opportunities in Cannabis, in a normalized world, will disproportionately benefit
- \$80B illegal / \$10B legal
- 2020 is the first year where the 3% growth in the consumption of cannabis, the legal market will outstrip the illegal market.

- The legal market is capturing huge swaths of the illicit market every year.
- It's not just an existing shift from illegal to legal, it's new entrants into the market.

### • Consumer Quartet

- What are the things driving the consumer market?
  - **Price** this is something you can't achieve parity in a legal/illegal market until you get scale.
  - **Choice** If a formerly illicit consumer walks into a dispensary, the choice they see in the legal market is night and day different.
    - More educated staff, better selection of product
  - Access Has there ever been more access than curbside pickup and delivery?
    - COVID helped orient the access components being held back.
    - Colorado had 6 years of the most mature market, with no delivery, until COVID
  - **Quality** Most illicit growers have in some way become part of the legal market.
    - Early on, they maybe didn't want to share.
    - But now we're seeing the unorthodox methods of growing being adopted by the legal market.
    - The quality of products being grown indoors, a lot of their growers are former CA and CO growers who know what they're doing.
  - Safety This is going back to the vape crisis
    - Before COVID, people were concerned they could die from vape cartridges. But no product was a legal market product.
    - Now that you have a regulated product that is safe, dosed...
      - Edibles
      - Vapes
      - Microdose
      - Tablets
    - Illicit market is largely flower
- Anyone who is waiting for a federal movement, you are going to miss out. You need to be invested before the frameworks are laid out.
  - Normalization

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- What occurs when consumers can consume, learn about products, find resources, doctors have education and they feel comfortable prescribing it.
- Medical care
- Reimbursement
- It's what happens when you go to buy soda or food. It's the infrastructure and information components that exist.
- Very rarely do we see a market with so much consumption with no normalization.
- Destigmatization
  - A lot of early cannabis users in our country are people who didn't care about the smell or stigma from using the product.
    - Early on, the early adopter were the self selected group of consumers
    - People are consuming openly, honestly, safely...
      - With moderation, there isn't a depraved feeling of consumption.

# The Mechanism

- What does your investment process look like?
  - The Adoption Score
- What makes your process different from what else is out there?
  - First We think we are the most voracious consumers of cannabis in the space. We feel very strongly we will read and grind through more data, more relentlessly, than anyone else.
    - When you consume this much information, it leads to a whole new level of insights into the due diligence process.
  - "We often think we should be judged by the quality of work we do, that doesn't get monetized immediately"
    - We did work 4 years ago with another fund that gave us the context for an investment we're making now
  - Second I think we're more comfortable investing in plant touching companies
    - We were the first company to bring legal medicine to the market in VA
    - As a fund, the ability to work like an operating company is an advantage that other traditional funds cant

- Other people are great investors, we are great at building companies
  - A company builder has lower valuation, but you can negotiate other things into the deal.
- Third Personality.
  - We're patient investors. We didn't have tons of capital early on. We've learned to vet hundreds of deals.
  - We are willing to abandon ideas that go stale or get sour, even if we've invested a tremendous amount of time.
  - We have a competitive and robust internal dialogue with each other.
    When you have too small of a team, your feedback loop can be too small.
  - We challenge each other's ideas in a respectful way, in the pursuit of getting to the core truth.
  - "Big things aren't necessarily"

# The Solution

- How do you work with funds and fund managers?
  - The fundamental challenge should be first, figure out what you want your investment to represent for you.
    - Are you looking for speculation?
    - Are you looking for income?
  - Be on the lookout for information
    - Who is on the cap tables of deals?
    - If retail investors are looking to spend real money, they absolutely need to be invested in a vehicle.
    - If they are side by side with a fund, it's going to be hard to deliver better returns.
    - "Is the CEO the original, 2.0, or an investor that had to take over"
      - You'd be surprised how many investors had to take over because they wanted to protect their investor
      - "I'd say 10-15% was a former investor who took over"
  - Invest in things you can handle the risk, and react in a way that adds value.
- What kinds of questions should people ask?
  - Is it "give me the highest return possible?"
  - Is it "I need early liquidity?

• Don't create a lot of money stress because your investment goals don't meet the timeline of the fund.

### • Ask questions around process

- Do they do large syndicated ronds with other funds?
- Do you want bleeding edge investments based on asymmetric returns?
- Find out if they are investing in a diversified platform of investments.
  - I think cannabis works really well with an ecosystem
  - At Merida, we have an entire engine/flywheel of value creation
    - Do you have the ability to get it over the hump with your own ecosystem and base?
  - Companies that are doing one-offs, I don't know if that works well in cannabis.

### • How does the investor add value?

• You have to be knowledgeable about governance and how to deconstruct friction in the business